NORTH AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT BANK ORDINARY CAPITAL RESOURCES

Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

September 30, 2023

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

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	(Unaudited) September 30, 2023	(Audited) December 31, 2022				
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents: Held at other financial institutions Repurchase agreements	\$ 25,590,808 71,800,000	\$ 89,545,186 75,200,000				
Total cash and cash equivalents	97,390,808	164,745,186				
Held-to-maturity investment securities, at amortized cost Available-for-sale investment securities, at fair value	4,277,539 908,305,429	4,180,726 949,981,433				
Loans outstanding Allowance for credit losses	1,028,190,548 (16,055,710)	920,296,651 (22,153,814)				
Unamortized loan fees Foreign currency exchange rate adjustment Hedged items, at fair value	(6,416,155) (21,258,973) (87,162,641)	(6,924,616) (32,171,930) (106,748,200)				
Net loans outstanding	897,297,069	752,298,091				
Interest receivable Grant and other receivable Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements, net	25,674,984 7,660,967 84,886	18,285,105 3,584,515 81,789				
Other assets Total assets	136,587,703	100,914,303 \$ 1,994,071,148				
Liabilities and Equity	\$ 2,077,279,385	\$ 1,994,071,148				
Liabilities: Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Accrued interest payable Due to Environment Investment and Capacity Facility Other liabilities	\$ 8,210,492 3,042,309 17,854,788 2,000,000 52,981,016	\$ 4,119,604 3,012,294 13,658,432 8,729,539 23,646,373				
Short-term debt	5,264,000	5,264,000				
Total current liabilities	89,352,605	58,430,242				
Long-term liabilities: Long-term lease payable Long-term post-retirement benefits payable Deferred U.S. capital contribution	512,977 3,368,658 165,000,000	512,977 3,136,908 165,000,000				
Long-term debt, net of discounts and unamortized debt issuance costs Foreign currency exchange rate adjustment Hedged items, at fair value	1,055,865,714 33,091,296 (66,689,129)	1,058,245,694 17,309,920 (57,376,728)				
Net long-term debt	1,022,267,881	1,018,178,886				
Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities	1,191,149,516 1,280,502,121	1,186,828,771 1,245,259,013				
Equity:	1,200,002,121	1,240,200,010				
Paid-in capital General Reserve: Retained earnings: Designated	506,000,000	496,000,000 177,224				
Reserved Undesignated	268,553,766 36,100,267	266,589,060 19,853,416				
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) Non-controlling interest	(13,881,311) 4,542	(33,812,165) 4,600				
Total equity	796,777,264	748,812,135				
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 2,077,279,385	\$ 1,994,071,148				

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these unaudited consolidated financial statements.

Degrating expenses (income): Personnel and administrative: Personnel Administrative reimbursements, net Depreciation Degreating expenses 14,979,171 Net operating income 18,738,470 18,738,470 18,738,470 18,738,470 18,738,470 18,725,2865 1,026,852 1,026,852 1,026,852 1,026,852 1,026,844 1,026,852 1,026,	\$ 28,750,565 6,512,951 35,263,516 16,209,694 19,053,822 (1,140,649)
Loans \$ 51,952,865 Investments 21,026,852 Total interest income 72,979,717 Interest expense 42,328,920 Net interest income 30,650,797 Provision for credit losses (3,066,844) Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income): \$ 13,707,507 General and administrative: \$ 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors \$ 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	6,512,951 35,263,516 16,209,694 19,053,822 (1,140,649)
Investments 21,026,852 Total interest income 72,979,717 Interest expense 42,328,920 Net interest income 30,650,797 Provision for credit losses (3,066,844) Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income): 50,707,507 General and administrative: 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	6,512,951 35,263,516 16,209,694 19,053,822 (1,140,649)
Total interest income 72,979,717 Interest expense 42,328,920 Net interest income 30,650,797 Provision for credit losses (3,066,844) Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income): 50,000,000 General and administrative: 13,707,507 Administrative 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	35,263,516 16,209,694 19,053,822 (1,140,649)
Total interest income 72,979,717 Interest expense 42,328,920 Net interest income 30,650,797 Provision for credit losses (3,066,844) Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income): 50,000,000 General and administrative: 13,707,507 Administrative 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	35,263,516 16,209,694 19,053,822 (1,140,649)
Net interest income 30,650,797 Provision for credit losses (3,066,844) Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income):	19,053,822 (1,140,649)
Provision for credit losses (3,066,844) Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income): Ceneral and administrative: Personnel 13,707,507 Administrative 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	(1,140,649)
Net interest income after provision for loan losses 33,717,641 Operating expenses (income): 5 General and administrative: 13,707,507 Personnel 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	
Operating expenses (income): 3,707,507 General and administrative: 13,707,507 Personnel 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	20 404 474
General and administrative: 13,707,507 Personnel 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	20,194,471
Personnel 13,707,507 Administrative 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	
Administrative 1,910,292 Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	
Consultants and contractors 1,646,438 Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	12,804,308
Other (1,104,197) Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	1,545,235
Grant administrative reimbursements, net (1,229,435) Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	1,100,461
Depreciation 48,566 Total operating expenses 14,979,171	(571,945)
Total operating expenses 14,979,171	(1,099,559)
<u></u>	42,693
Net operating income 18,738,470	13,821,193
	6,373,278
Non-interest and non-operating income (expenses):	
Loss on sale of securities, net (468,206)	(283,111)
Grant disbursements -	(30,000)
Fees and other income (expense), net 439,987	169,712
Swap settlements, net -	1,819,476
Income (expense) from hedging activities, net 2,608,482	1,779,603
Total non-interest and non-operating income (expense) 2,580,263	3,455,680
Transfer to Environment Investment and Capacity	
Facility (EICF) 3,101,424	
Net income 18,217,309	9,828,958
Non-controlling interest in net loss (58)	(143)
	\$ 9,829,101

	For the Nine Months Ended Septembe					
		2023		2022		
Net income	\$	18,217,309		\$	9,828,958	
Non-controlling interest in net loss		(58)			(143)	
Controlling interest in net income		18,217,367			9,829,101	
Other comprehensive income (loss):						
Available-for-sale investment securities:						
Change in unrealized gains (losses) during the period, net		4,020,136			(43,437,560)	
Reclassification adjustment for net losses included						
in net income		468,206			283,111	
Total unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investment securities		4,488,342			(43,154,449)	
Foreign currency translation adjustment		32,625			(36,389)	
Unrealized gains (losses) on hedging activities:						
Foreign currency translation adjustment, net		4,515,471			24,597,470	
Fair value of cross-currency interest rate swaps and options, net		10,894,416			(17,293,322)	
Total unrealized gain on hedging activities		15,409,887			7,304,148	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)		19,930,854			(35,886,690)	
Total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	38,148,221		\$	(26,057,589)	

	Paid-in Capital	Ge	neral Reserve Retained Earnings	Co	ccumulated Other mprehensive come (Loss)	controlling nterest	Total Equity
Beginning balance, January 1, 2022 Capital contribution	\$ 486,500,000 9,500,000	\$	285,612,580	\$	4,746,957 -	\$ 4,836	\$ 776,864,373 9,500,000
Net income Other comprehensive loss Non-controlling interest	 - - -		1,007,120 - -		- (38,559,122) -	 - - (236)	1,007,120 (38,559,122) (236)
Ending balance, December 31, 2022 (audited)	496,000,000		286,619,700		(33,812,165)	4,600	748,812,135
Capital contribution Cumulative adjustment for adoption of	10,000,000		-		-	-	10,000,000
credit loss accounting standard	-		(183,034)		-	-	(183,034)
Net income	-		18,217,367		-	-	18,217,367
Other comprehensive income	-		-		19,930,854	-	19,930,854
Non-controlling interest	 				-	 (58)	 (58)
Ending balance, September 30, 2023 (unaudited)	\$ 506,000,000	\$	304,654,033	\$	(13,881,311)	\$ 4,542	\$ 796,777,264

	For the Nine Months Ended September 3				
		2023		2022	
Cash flows from operating activities					
Net income	\$	18,217,367	\$	9,829,101	
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by					
(used in) operating activities:					
Depreciation		48,566		42,693	
Amortization of net premiums (discounts) on investments		(3,279,116)		4,182,610	
Change in fair value of swaps, options, hedged items and other non-cash items		(20,076,642)		5,312,132	
Non-controlling interest		(58)		(143)	
(Gains) losses on securities, net		468,206		283,111	
Provision for credit losses		(3,066,844)		(1,140,649)	
Post-retirement benefits payable		231,750		244,599	
Transfer to Environment Investment and Capacity Facility		2,000,000		-	
Change in other assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in interest receivable		(7,389,879)		317,672	
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(4,076,452)		(12,984)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		4,090,888		(318,159)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		30,015		722,926	
Increase (decrease) in accrued interest payable		4,196,356		1,471,679	
Increase (decrease) in due to EICF		(8,729,539)			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(17,335,382)		20,934,588	
Cash flows from lending, investing, and					
development activities		(= (0==)		(= 4 00=)	
Capital expenditures		(51,675)		(51,285)	
Loan principal repayments		56,480,451		80,812,658	
Loan disbursements		(164,374,348)		(65,966,534)	
Purchase of held-to-maturity investment securities Purchase of available-for-sale investment securities		(5,581,109) (402,028,392)		(1,853,231) (513,413,740)	
Proceeds from maturities of held-to-maturity investments		5,550,000		1,813,000	
Proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale investments		452,618,077		402,313,290	
Net cash used in lending, investing, and					
development activities		(57,386,996)		(96,345,842)	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Capital contribution		10,000,000		9,500,000	
Principal repayment of other borrowings		(2,632,000)		(2,632,000)	
Grant funds from the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)		-		8,865,289	
Grant funds from other sources Grant disbursements - EPA		-		2,103,797 (8,865,285)	
Grant disbursements from other sources		_		(832,720)	
Net cash provided by financing activities		7,368,000		8,139,081	
, ,					
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		(67,354,378) 164,745,186		(67,272,173) 163,901,393	
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	97,390,808	\$	96,629,220	
Complemental and information					
Supplemental cash information Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	15,700,473	\$	8,312,096	
	7		*	-, - ,000	
Significant non-cash transactions			_		
Foreign currency translation adjustment	\$	4,515,471	\$	24,597,470	
Change in fair value of cross-currency interest rate swaps, net		10,894,416		(17,293,322)	
Change in fair value of available-for-sales investments, net		4,488,342		(43,154,449)	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

1. Organization and Purpose

The North American Development Bank (NADBank or the Bank) was established on January 1, 1994 by an agreement between the Governments of the United States of America (the United States or U.S.) and the United Mexican States (Mexico) that was signed by their respective Presidents on November 16 and 18, 1993 (the Charter). The Bank was created to finance environmental infrastructure projects in the U.S.-Mexico border region . On March 16, 1994, the President of the United States issued an Executive Order designating the Bank as an international organization under the International Organization Immunities Act.

The Bank is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) appointed by the two countries. The operations of the Bank are subject to certain limitations outlined in the Charter. The geographic jurisdiction of the Bank is within 100 kilometers north and 300 kilometers south of the U.S.-Mexico border. The primary activities of the Bank are providing loan and grant financing and technical assistance for environmental infrastructure projects approved by the Board and administering grant funding provided by other entities. The Bank is headquartered in San Antonio, Texas, and also has an office in Ciudad Juarez, Chihuahua (Juarez Office).

In June 1998, the Board authorized the establishment of a financial institution to facilitate lending to the Mexican public sector, the Corporación Financiera de América del Norte, S.A. de C.V. SOFOM E.N.R. As of September 30, 2023, COFIDAN is 99.93% owned by the Bank and 0.07% owned by the Government of Mexico. The non-controlling interest is reflected in the consolidated balance sheets and consolidated statements of income and represents the ownership of the Government of Mexico through the Ministry of Finance and Public Credit (SHCP).

On December 28, 2022, the Board approved the establishment of the Environment Investment and Capacity Facility (EICF) to hold the Bank's grant funds available for construction and technical assistance purposes, including funds provided by third-party donors.

With the establishment of the grant facility, the activities of the Bank are conducted through either Ordinary Capital Resources (OCR) or the EICF, which are accounted for separately. Beginning January 1, 2023, all grant and technical assistance activities are reported under the EICF, while lending operations of the Bank are reported under the OCR. The administrative expenses of the EICF are paid by the OCR, with administrative expenses incurred for third-party grants subject to reimbursement to the OCR. As such, no administrative expenses are reported under the EICF.

As part of the establishment of the EICF, the Board agreed to continue providing support to it from the OCR by transferring a portion of the Bank's allocable income using a formula-based approach. Additional information on the EICF is provided in Note 8.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Use of Estimates in Financial Statements

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and are presented in a manner consistent with that of an international organization. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. These estimates include the valuation of investments, allowance for credit losses, the fair value of derivative instruments included in other liabilities, long-term post-retirement benefits payable and debt. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the OCR and the Bank's subsidiary, COFIDAN. All material intercompany accounts and transactions with COFIDAN have been eliminated in the consolidation. The EICF is accounted for separately and is not included in these consolidated financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For the purposes of the consolidated statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include cash deposits, money market accounts with other financial institutions and overnight repurchase agreements. As of September 30, 2023, cash deposits with other financial institutions in demand deposit accounts and interest-bearing accounts totaled \$477,034 and \$25,113,774, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, cash deposits with other financial institutions in demand deposit accounts and interest-bearing accounts totaled \$1,434,286 and \$88,110,900, respectively.

Repurchase Agreements

The Bank has entered into agreements with other financial institutions. Shorter term repurchases may occur daily involving U.S. government and federally sponsored agency securities, which are included in cash and cash equivalents. Longer term repurchase agreements may be part of collateralized borrowings. The underlying securities related to the repurchase transactions are held in the possession of the respective financial institution. Additional information on investment securities and borrowings is provided in Notes 3 and 6, respectively.

Investment Securities

The Bank's investments are classified into the following categories:

<u>Held-to-maturity (HTM)</u> – This category is composed of those debt securities for which the Bank has the positive intent and ability to hold to maturity. These securities are carried at amortized cost.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Trading</u> – This category is composed of debt securities that are bought and held for resale in the near term. These securities are carried at fair value, and changes in market value are recognized in the consolidated statements of income.

<u>Available-for-sale (AFS)</u> – This category is composed of debt securities that are not classified as either trading or held-to-maturity securities. These securities are carried at fair value, with unrealized holding gains and losses excluded from earnings and reported as a net amount in a separate component of comprehensive income or loss until realized.

The accretion of discounts and the amortization of premiums are computed using the interest method. Realized gains and losses are determined using the specific identification method. Investments in a loss position are reviewed to determine whether the unrealized loss, which is considered an impairment, is temporary or other-than-temporary. In the event of other-than-temporary impairment, the cost basis of the investment would be written down to its fair value, and the credit component of the loss would be included in current earnings. The Bank had no securities classified as other-than-temporarily impaired at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Taxation

Pursuant to its Charter, as further implemented in the U.S. in the International Organizations Immunities Act, the Bank, its property, other assets, income, and the operations it carries out pursuant to the Charter, are immune from all taxation and customs duties.

Furniture, Equipment, and Leasehold Improvements

Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful life is three years for computers and five years for furniture and other equipment. Leasehold improvements are recorded at cost and amortized over five years, or the life of the lease, whichever is less.

Operating Lease

The Bank rents office space for its headquarters in San Antonio, Texas under an operating lease. Beginning January 1, 2022, the Bank implemented Accounting Standards Update (ASU) 2016-02, *Leases (Topic 842)*, which requires the recognition of operating lease obligations on a discounted basis and the recognition of a right-of-use lease asset. The Bank applied the optional modified retrospective method and recorded the lease as of the adoption date without any retrospective adjustment to comparative financial information. Additional information on the Bank's operating lease is provided in Note 13.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are classified as either designated for a specific program, reserved, or undesignated. Undesignated retained earnings in excess of one percent (1.0%) of total assets are used to fund four reserves in the following order of priority:

<u>Debt Service Reserve</u> – This reserve is maintained in an amount equal to 12 months of interest due on the Bank's outstanding debt at each fiscal year-end.

<u>Operating Expenses Reserve</u> – This reserve is maintained in an amount equal to 12 months of the operating budget expenses at each fiscal year-end.

<u>Special Reserve</u> – This reserve is maintained in an amount equal to the sum of 1% of undisbursed loan commitments, 3% of the outstanding balance of disbursed loans and 3% of the outstanding balance of guaranties, less the allowance for credit losses, with a targeted minimum of \$30 million. Amounts in the Special Reserve are to be used to pay costs associated with the enforcement of the Bank's rights under its loan and guaranty agreements and to offset losses on any loan or guaranty.

<u>Capital Preservation Reserve</u> – This reserve is intended to maintain the value of the paid-in capital in real terms and is indexed to the U.S. annual inflation rate.

Additional information on retained earnings of the Bank is provided in Note 7.

Loans

Loans are reported at the principal amount, net of allowance for credit losses, unamortized loan fees, foreign currency exchange rate adjustment and fair value of hedged items. Interest income on loans is recognized in the period earned. Net loan commitment and origination fees are deferred and amortized over the life of the loan as an adjustment to loan interest income.

Loans that are past due 90 days or more as to principal or interest, or where reasonable doubts exist as to timely collection, including loans that are individually identified as being impaired, are generally classified as nonperforming loans unless well secured and in the process of collection.

Loans are generally placed on nonaccrual status when principal or interest is delinquent for 180 days (unless adequately secured and in the process of collection) or circumstances indicate that the full collection of principal and interest is in doubt. When a loan is placed in nonaccrual status, accrued interest deemed uncollectible is either reversed (if current-year interest) or charged against current-year interest (if prior-year interest).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

In cases where a borrower experiences financial difficulty and the Bank makes certain concessions to the borrower through modifications of the contractual terms of the loan, the loan is classified as a troubled debt restructuring. If the borrower's ability to meet the revised payment schedule is uncertain, the loan is classified as a nonaccrual loan.

Loans in nonaccrual status are evaluated on an individual basis for impairment when it is probable that the Bank may sustain some loss. Impairment of these loans is measured based on the present value of expected future cash flows, discounted at the loan's effective interest rate or the fair value of the collateral, if the loan is collateral dependent.

Payments received on nonaccrual loans are generally applied to the recorded principal in the loan asset. If collection of the recorded principal in the loan is fully expected and the loan does not have a remaining unrecovered prior charge-off associated with it, payments are recognized as interest income. Nonaccrual loans may be returned to accrual status when contractual principal and interest are current, prior charge-offs have been recovered, and the ability of the borrower to fulfill the contractual repayment terms is fully expected. All three of these conditions must be met in order to return a loan to accrual status. If previously unrecognized interest income exists upon reinstatement of a nonaccrual loan to accrual status, interest income will only be recognized upon receipt of cash payments applied to the loan.

Loan Portfolio Risk Rating

The Bank uses a credit risk scorecard methodology developed by an internationally recognized credit rating agency. The scorecard methodology is based on a model that scores quantitative and qualitative variables to address both project and borrower risks and is tailored to the characteristics of each transaction and project type. The analysis includes financial and operating metrics relevant to the overall performance of the project or loan, as well as relevant credit risk mitigating measures. The variables are well defined and consistently applied to each individual loan.

For each loan, a letter rating is assessed, and the probability of default is estimated using the risk horizon (remaining maturity) of the loan, which is mapped to the undiscounted default probability table provided by the credit agency. Loans in Mexico with sovereign/sub-sovereign repayment sources or guarantees are capped at BBB, equivalent to the foreign currency issuer rating of Mexico.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The loan portfolio is classified using the following risk grades and scale.

Loan Credit Rating							
Description	Risk Grade	Scale					
Highest credit quality, minimum credit risk	AAA						
	AA+	=					
Very high quality, very low credit risk	AA						
	AA-	A					
	A+	_					
High credit quality, strong payment capacity	Α						
	A-						
	BBB+						
Good credit quality, adequate payment capacity	BBB						
	BBB-	_					
Madarata aradit quality, likaly ta maat abligations, como	BB+						
Moderate credit quality, likely to meet obligations, some uncertainty under adverse conditions	BB	В					
uncertainty under adverse conditions	BB-	_					
Lancard Character and the land of the land	B+						
Low credit quality, still able to meet obligations, highly vulnerable to adverse conditions	В						
vullerable to adverse conditions	B-						
Vanctors and the most to broke contract to the	CCC+						
Very low credit quality, highly vulnerable, high risk of	CCC	С					
default with some possibility of recovery	CCC-						
In or near default, lowest possible rating	D	D					

Allowance for Credit Losses

On January 1, 2023, the Bank adopted ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments, as amended by ASU 2019-10, which applies to financial assets, including loans receivable and held-to-maturity investment securities measured at amortized cost, available-for-sale investment securities measured at fair value, related interest receivables, and undisbursed loan commitments and requires that allowances for credit losses be measured based on management's estimate of credit losses over the life of the financial instruments. Upon adoption of the standard as of January 1, 2023, the allowance for credit losses decreased by \$1,519,413, which was offset with provisions for credit losses for off-balance sheet, undisbursed loan commitments of \$1,702,447. The net difference of \$183,034 resulted in an opening retained earnings adjustment using a modified-retrospective approach and a cumulative-effect adjustment.

Determining the expected allowance for credit losses involves significant judgment and reflects management's best estimate based on the current information available, including: 1) past events; 2) current conditions; and 3) reasonable and supportable forecasts.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Loans</u> – The estimated credit loss for outstanding loans is reported separately as a contraasset to loans outstanding on the consolidated balance sheets. The estimated credit loss for undisbursed loan commitments is reported as a component of other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheets. Prior to January 1, 2023, the allowance for credit losses was a valuation account used to reasonably estimate credit losses incurred as of the financial statement date.

For outstanding loans, the Bank calculates an allowance for credit loss on the estimated probability of default for each loan. For undisbursed loan commitments, the allowance for credit loss is calculated based on the projected probability of default and the credit loss methodology used for the Bank's outstanding loans.

The allowance for credit losses is maintained at a level considered appropriate by management to provide for estimable losses inherent over the contractual life of the loan portfolio. Changes to the allowance are recorded as an expense or recovery of provision for loan losses in the consolidated statement of income. Upon final settlement of impaired loans, any remaining loss is charged off. Additional information on the allowance for credit losses related to loans is provided in Note 4.

<u>Held-to-Maturity (HTM) Investment Securities</u> – For these securities, management estimates the credit losses based on credit loss history, current conditions, and reasonable and supportable forecasts.

<u>Available-for-sale (AFS) Investment Securities</u> – For AFS investment securities with fair values lower than amortized cost, an impairment loss is recognized in earnings only if the Bank has the intent to sell the investment securities or if it is more-likely-than-not required to sell the investment securities before recovery of the amortized cost. If the Bank intends to hold or is not required to sell the debt securities, it will evaluate them to determine if a credit loss exists. If the portion of the decline in fair value below amortized cost is due to credit-related factors, it will be recognized as an allowance for credit losses in the consolidated balance sheets with a related charge to provisions for credit losses in the consolidated statements of income.

The Bank has elected not to estimate an allowance for credit losses on accrued interest receivable. Additional information on the allowance for credit losses on investment securities is provided in Note 3.

Revenue Recognition

Interest income from financial instruments, such as investments, loans and swaps used for hedging purposes, is recognized in the period earned and is not within the scope of Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 606, Revenue from Contracts and Customers. Revenue from advisory fees and other income not associated with those financial instruments is within the scope of ASC Topic 606 and is recognized by applying the following steps: (i) identify the contract, (ii) identify the performance obligations,

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(iii) determine the transaction price, (iv) allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations and (v) recognize revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Grant Program Activity

Beginning January 1, 2023, all grant activities of the Bank are reported in the EICF accounts. Prior to that date, grant program activities were reported in the consolidated financial statements.

Grant activity may be financed by the Bank with its own funds or by third parties. In some cases, the Bank receives third-party pass-through grants, meaning that the funds are not drawn until needed for disbursement. In other cases, the third-party grantors entrust the funds to the Bank, which are held in custody for the programs.

<u>Bank-funded grants</u> - Grants are recognized at the date the Bank becomes obligated under the terms of the grant agreements, and associated costs are recognized as incurred. Bank-funded grant disbursements were reflected in the consolidated statements of income.

<u>Third-party grants</u> - The Bank receives grants from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), the U.S. Department of State (DOS), the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ), the Paso del Norte Community Foundation, and other sources for project financing and technical assistance activities. Grant receipts and disbursements from third parties were reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows. These grants are funded by the respective grantors and may be separately approved by them. The Bank's role is to administer these funds. The operating expenses and expense reimbursements for these grants are reflected in the consolidated statements of income.

Additional information on grant programs is provided in Note 8.

Foreign Currency

COFIDAN is located in Mexico and operates primarily using the local functional currency. Accordingly, all assets and liabilities of COFIDAN are translated using the exchange rate in effect at the end of the period, and revenue and costs are translated using average exchange rates for the period. The resulting cumulative translation adjustment is included in accumulated other comprehensive income.

The lending activities of the Bank include making loans that are denominated in Mexican pesos. When such loans are not funded by Mexican peso liabilities, the Bank enters into cross-currency interest rate swaps that mitigate its exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rates. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Bank had entered into counterparty agreements with 12 counterparties, two (2) of which are backed by the federal government of Mexico and the other 10 are commercial

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

financial institutions. The foreign currency translation adjustment on loans denominated in Mexican pesos as of those same dates was \$(21,258,973) and \$(32,171,930), respectively.

All swaps relating to the lending activities of the Bank are designated as cash flow or fair value hedges and recognized in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of the cash flow hedges are reported in other comprehensive income. Changes in the fair value of the fair value hedges are reported as non-interest income or expense.

The Bank discontinues hedge accounting prospectively if it determines that the derivative is no longer highly effective in offsetting changes in the fair value or cash flows of the hedged item, or if it is no longer probable that the hedged loan repayment will occur. If hedge accounting is discontinued because the hedge ceases to be effective, the Bank will continue to record the swap at fair value with changes in value reflected in earnings for the period, and any fair value adjustments included in other comprehensive income will be recognized in the consolidated statements of income over the remaining life of the loan. If it is probable that the hedged loan repayments will not occur, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income (loss) are recognized immediately in earnings.

Derivatives executed with counterparties are subject to a master-netting arrangement. The net fair value of derivatives by counterparty is offset with the outstanding balance of the collateral received from or paid to the counterparty for financial reporting purposes. Additional information on the amounts subject to master netting arrangements and collateral is provided in Note 5.

Fair Value

Fair value is defined as the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction between market participants on the measurement date. The Bank carries cross-currency interest rate swaps, interest rate swaps, options, hedged items, and available-for-sale debt securities at fair value. To determine the fair market value of its financial instruments, the Bank uses the fair value hierarchy, which is based on three levels of inputs as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, which the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. This category generally includes U.S. government securities, U.S. agency securities, corporate debt securities, other fixed-income securities, mortgage-backed securities, and Mexican government securities (UMS).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Level 2</u> – Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. This category generally includes cross-currency interest rate swaps, interest rate swaps and options. For these consolidated financial statements, the Bank also obtains dealer quotations for comparative purposes to assess the reasonableness of the pricing models.

<u>Level 3</u> – Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant in determining the fair value of the assets or liabilities. Level 3 assets and liabilities include financial instruments whose value is determined using pricing models, discounted cash flow methodologies, or similar techniques, as well as instruments for which the determination of fair value requires significant management judgment or estimation. This category includes the fair value of hedged items where independent pricing information is not available for a significant portion of the underlying assets or liabilities.

Additional information on the fair value of the financial instruments of the Bank is provided in Note 10.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The components of other comprehensive income are reported in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive income for all periods presented and in Note 7.

Allocable Income

Allocable income is an internal management measure that reflects income available for allocation. The Bank defines allocable income on net operating income after certain adjustments that relate primarily to non-cash expenses. The Bank will transfer, under a formula-based approach, a proportion of allocable income to the EICF. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023, the Bank transferred \$3,101,424 to the EICF, which is reflected in the consolidated statements of income. Of this amount, \$177,224 were from designated retained earning remaining for the Community Assistance Program (CAP). Additional information on the EICF is provided in Note 8.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

3. Investments

All investments held by the Bank are classified as either held-to-maturity or available-forsale securities. The following schedule summarizes investments as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

			Gross Unrealized					Fair
	Ar	nortized Cost	Gains Losses			-	Value	
September 30, 2023								
Held-to-maturity:								
U.S. government securities	\$	3,116,485	\$	534	\$	=	\$	3,117,019
U.S. agency securities		1,161,054		=		(5,685)		1,155,369
Total held-to-maturity investment								
securities		4,277,539		534		(5,685)		4,272,388
Available-for-sale:								
U.S. government securities		453,706,820		13,973		(18,238,018)		435,482,775
U.S. agency securities		100,590,532		· <u>-</u>		(5,749,653)		94,840,879
Corporate debt securities		133,500,649		3,600		(7,356,379)		126,147,870
Other fixed-income securities		69,269,496		39,342		(2,840,151)		66,468,687
Mexican government securities (UMS)		44,580,123		17,851		(1,217,773)		43,380,201
Securities pledged under collateralized								
borrowings ¹		142,506,710		_		(5,018,879)		137,487,831
Mortgage-backed securities		5,268,464		=		(771,278)		4,497,186
Total available-for-sale investment								
securities		949,422,794		74,766		(41,192,131)		908,305,429
Total investment securities	\$	953,700,333	\$	75,300	\$	(41,197,816)	\$	912,577,817
December 31, 2022								_
Held-to-maturity:								
U.S. government securities	\$	3,019,254	\$	-	\$	(25,963)	\$	2,993,291
U.S. agency securities		1,161,472		_		(44,533)		1,116,939
Total held-to-maturity investment								
securities		4,180,726		-		(70,496)		4,110,230
Available-for-sale:								
U.S. government securities		436,321,490		127,413		(20,483,222)		415,965,681
U.S. agency securities		162,313,889		_		(8,380,477)		153,933,412
Corporate debt securities		138,700,987		75,636		(9,614,864)		129,161,759
Other fixed-income securities		79,211,369		24,922		(4,066,741)		75,169,550
Mexican government securities (UMS)		30,548,265		5,786		(1,216,409)		29,337,642
Securities pledged under collateralized								
borrowings ¹		142,637,146		_		(1,410,974)		141,226,172
Mortgage-backed securities		5,853,994				(666,777)		5,187,217
Total available-for-sale investment								
securities		995,587,140		233,757		(45,839,464)		949,981,433
Total investment securities	\$	999,767,866	\$	233,757	\$	(45,909,960)	\$	954,091,663

¹ Additional information on the securities pledged under collateralized borrowings is provided in Note 6.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

3. Investments (continued)

The following schedule summarizes unrealized losses and the fair value of investments aggregated by category and the length of time individual securities have been in a continuous unrealized loss position as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

		Less Than	12 I	Months		12 Month	าร 0	r More		To	tal	
		Fair	Į	Unrealized		Fair		Unrealized		Fair	Į	Unrealized
		Value		Losses		Value		Losses		Value		Losses
September 30, 2023												
Held-to-maturity:	_				_		_		_			
U.S. agency securities	\$	_	\$		\$		\$	5,685	\$	1,155,369	\$	5,685
Total held-to-maturity securities		_		-		1,155,369		5,685		1,155,369		5,685
Available-for-sale:												
U.S. government securities		118,194,895		1,853,163		284,098,983		16,384,855		402,293,878		18,238,018
U.S. agency securities		8,256,457		103,591		86,584,422		5,646,062		94,840,879		5,749,653
Corporate debt securities		17,870,578		344,754		104,733,716		7,011,625		122,604,294		7,356,379
Other fixed-income securities		14,845,908		265,329		48,200,895		2,574,822		63,046,803		2,840,151
Mexican government securities		,,.		,		,,						_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
(UMS)		_		-		14,284,660		1,217,773		14,284,660		1,217,773
Securities pledged under												
collateralized borrowings ¹		137,487,831		5,018,879		_		_		137,487,831		5,018,879
Mortgage-backed securities		_		_		4,497,186		771,278		4,497,186		771,278
Total available-for-sale investment												
securities		296,655,669		7,585,716		542,399,862		33,606,415		839,055,531		41,192,131
Total temporarily impaired	_	00//55//0	_	7 505 74 /		- 40 004	_	00 /40 400	_	0.40.040.000		44 407 047
securities	\$	296,655,669	\$	7,585,716	\$	543,555,231	\$	33,612,100	\$	840,210,900	\$	41,197,816
December 31, 2022												
Held-to-maturity:												
U.S. government securities	\$	2,435,460	\$	9,376	\$	557,831	\$	16,587	\$	2,993,291	\$	25,963
U.S. agency securities	Ψ	2,433,400	Ψ	7,370	Ψ	1,116,939	Ψ	44,533	Ψ	1,116,939	Ψ	44,533
Total held-to-maturity securities		2,435,460		9,376		1,674,770		61,120		4,110,230		70,496
rotarnoia to matarity occurries		2,100,100		,,0.0		.,0,		0.,.20		1,110,200		70,170
Available-for-sale:												
U.S. government securities		145,850,471		4,159,725	2	27,596,894		16,323,497		373,447,365		20,483,222
U.S. agency securities		1,951,440		52,351		51,981,972		8,328,126		153,933,412		8,380,477
Corporate debt securities		20,219,964		834,376		04,643,455		8,780,488		124,863,419		9,614,864
Other fixed-income securities		13,426,992		526,900	!	57,591,923		3,539,841		71,018,915		4,066,741
Mexican government securities												
(UMS)		6,604,290		592,874		7,842,350		623,535		14,446,640		1,216,409
Securities pledged under		141 007 170		1 410 074						141 007 170		1 410 074
collateralized borrowings ¹ Mortgage-backed securities		141,226,172		1,410,974		2 000 102		E24 4EE		141,226,172		1,410,974
Total available-for-sale investment		1,278,034		132,122		3,909,183		534,655		5,187,217		666,777
securities		330,557,363		7,709,322		553,565,777		38,130,142		884,123,140		45,839,464
Total temporarily impaired	_	330,331,303		1,107,322		333,303,111		30,130,142		004,123,140		43,037,404
securities	\$	332,992,823	\$	7,718.698	\$	555,240,547	\$	38,191,262	\$	888,233,370	\$	45,909,960
	_	, -,	,	, -,	-	-,,,	- 7	-, -,	,	, ,		,,

¹ Additional information on the securities pledged under collateralized borrowing is provided in Note 6.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

3. Investments (continued)

None of the unrealized losses identified in the preceding table are considered to be other-than-temporary or related to credit-related factors of an issuer as of September 30, 2023. As of that same date, the Bank did not have the intent to sell any of the securities with unrealized losses and believed that it was more-likely-than-not that the Bank would not be required to sell any such securities before a recovery of cost. Therefore, as of September 30, 2023, no credit losses for investment securities were recorded relating to the implementation of ASU 2016-13, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326).

Contractual maturities of investments as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table.

	 Held-to-Matu	rity S	Securities	 Available-for-	Sale	Securities
	Fair Value	Ar	nortized Cost	Fair Value	Aı	mortized Cost
September 30, 2023 Less than 1 year 1–5 years 5–10 years More than 10 years Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 4,272,388 - - - - - 4,272,388	\$	4,277,539 - - - - 4,277,539	\$ 303,353,999 600,454,244 - - 4,497,186 908,305,429	\$	306,900,831 637,253,499 - - 5,268,464 949,422,794
December 31, 2022 Less than 1 year 1–5 years 5–10 years More than 10 years Mortgage-backed securities	\$ 4,110,230 - - - - 4,110,230	\$	4,180,726 - - - - 4,180,726	\$ 280,128,965 658,060,961 6,604,290 - 5,187,217 949,981,433	\$	284,617,684 697,918,298 7,197,164 - 5,853,994 995,587,140

Actual maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to call or prepay obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

The following table summarizes sale and maturity activity of investment securities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

	N	Nine Months Ended September 30,							
		2023		2022					
Held-to-maturity investment securities: Proceeds from maturities	\$	5,550,000	\$	1,813,000					
Available-for-sale investment securities:									
Proceeds from sales and maturities		452,618,077		402,313,290					
Gross realized gains		1,704		81,870					
Gross realized losses		469,910		364,981					

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

3. Investments (continued)

The following table sets forth the net unrealized gains (losses) on securities available-forsale and the reclassification adjustments required for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022.

	e Months Ended September 30, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022
Net unrealized loss on investment securities available-for-sale, beginning of period Net unrealized gains (losses) on investment securities available-	\$ (45,605,707)	\$ (6,619,087)
for-sale, arising during the period Reclassification adjustments for net losses on investment	4,020,136	(39,388,872)
securities available-for-sale included in net income	 468,206	402,252
Net unrealized loss on investment securities available-for-sale, end of period	\$ (41,117,365)	\$ (45,605,707)

4. Loans

The following schedule summarizes loans outstanding as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	S	eptember 30, 2023	D	ecember 31, 2022
Loan balance	\$	1,028,190,548	\$	920,296,651
Allowance for credit losses		(16,055,710)		(22,153,814)
Unamortized loan fees		(6,416,155)		(6,924,616)
Foreign currency exchange rate adjustment		(21,258,973)		(32,171,930)
Fair value of hedged items		(87,162,641)		(106,748,200)
Net loans outstanding	\$	897,297,069	\$	752,298,091

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, outstanding undisbursed loan commitments on signed loan agreements totaled \$148,509,576 and \$174,784,983, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, the Bank had loan agreements under development for an additional \$201,064,804.

As part of the implementation of ASU 2016-13 on January 1, 2023, the Bank recorded an estimated credit loss for its undisbursed loan commitments through an increased provision for credit losses. As of September 30, 2023, the allowance for credit losses on undisbursed loan commitments totaled \$3,214,294 and is reported as a component of other liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

4. Loans (continued)

The Bank under certain circumstances offered below-market-rate loans under its Low Interest Rate Lending Facility (LIRF) program, which was terminated in May 2013. As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Bank had LIRF loans outstanding of \$13,699,157 and \$16,847,839, respectively.

The following table presents the loan portfolio by sector as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	S	eptember 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
Water Solid waste Air quality	\$	192,119,301 615,000 104,347,534	\$	121,611,690 1,210,000 115,736,121
Sustainable energy Urban development		658,007,225 15,722,303		607,764,116 16,738,170
Sustainable food value chains ProRec ¹		10,121,560 47,257,625		10,121,560 47,114,994
	\$	1,028,190,548	\$	920,296,651

¹ In May 2020, the Board approved a COVID-19 Recovery Program (ProRec) to enhance the economic recovery and the general health and welfare of U.S.-Mexico border communities, while supporting projects with a positive environmental impact. The program was closed as of December 31, 2022.

The following table presents the loan portfolio by borrower type as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	S	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Private	\$	674,843,961	\$ 629,196,767
Public		299,474,997	233,446,663
Public-private		53,871,590	57,653,221
	\$	1,028,190,548	\$ 920,296,651

In public-private transactions, a private company is the borrower backed by tax revenue.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

4. Loans (continued)

The following table presents the loan portfolio by risk category as of as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. These risk categories are defined in Note 2, along with additional information on how the Bank evaluates credit quality.

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022-
AAA	\$ -	\$ -
AA+	23,045,000	_
AA	2,605,000	26,245,000
AA-		_
A+	21,630,000	1,355,000
A	4,375,000	4,580,000
A-	113,495,134	114,978,166
BBB+	112,722,222	115,440,279
BBB	171,310,453	124,634,901
BBB-	66,980,493	14,903,936
BB+	177,826,068	144,409,772
BB	252,963,668	132,346,373
BB-	21,671,048	141,038,827
B+	29,647,268	28,529,110
В	12,639,294	13,077,687
B-	17,279,900	58,757,600
С	_	_
	\$ 1,028,190,548	\$ 920,296,651

No loans were on non-accrual or impaired as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

No loans were restructured during the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022. The average impaired loan balance for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022 totaled \$0 and \$8,918,080, respectively.

An age analysis of past-due loans, including both accruing and non-accruing loans, as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, is shown in the following table.

	0–89 days st due	Loans 90 or mo		otal loans 30+ ays past due
September 30, 2023	\$ _	\$ -	- \$	-
December 31, 2022	_	-	_	_

There were no loans past due 90 or more days accruing interest as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

4. Loans (continued)

The following table summarizes the allowance for credit losses related to loan by classification as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

September 30, 2023	llowance for credit losses	Total Loans Outstanding
Mexico: Construction Operation Total Mexico	\$ 856,432 10,073,956 10,930,388	\$ 15,105,011 643,322,072 658,427,083
United States: Construction Operation Total United States	\$ 1,619,945 3,505,377 5,125,322 16,055,710	\$ 167,779,449 201,984,016 369,763,465 1,028,190,548
December 31, 2022		
Mexico: Construction Operation Total Mexico	\$ 667,629 13,274,228 13,941,857	\$ 13,864,867 619,683,942 633,548,809
United States: Construction Operation Total United States	\$ 1,391,769 6,820,188 8,211,957 22,153,814	\$ 66,665,695 220,082,147 286,747,842 920,296,651

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

4. Loans (continued)

The following schedule summarizes the changes in the allowance for credit losses related to loans for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022.

	Change in Allowance for Credit Losses								_	
				Provision for						
	Credit Losses due Loan									
		Beginning		to Accounting		Provision for		(Charge-offs)		Ending
		Balance		Change ¹	- (Credit Losses ²		Recoveries		Balance
September 30, 2023										
Mexico:										
Construction	\$	667,629	\$	(1,820)	\$	190,623	\$	-	\$	856,432
Operation		13,274,228		(1,355,757)		(1,844,515)		_		10,073,956
Total Mexico		13,941,857		(1,357,577)		(1,653,892)		-		10,930,388
United States:										
Construction		1,391,769		887		227,290		-		1,619,946
Operation		6,820,188		(162,723)		(3,152,089)		-		3,505,376
Total United States		8,211,957		(161,836)		(2,924,799)				5,125,322
	\$	22,153,814	\$	(1,519,413)	\$	(4,578,691)	\$	-	\$	16,055,710
December 31, 2022										
Mexico:										
Construction	\$	_	\$	_	\$	667,629	\$	_	\$	667,629
Operation	Ψ	17,203,805	Ψ	_	Ψ	(3,929,577)	Ψ	_	Ψ	13,274,228
Total Mexico		17,203,805		-		(3,261,948)		-		13,941,857
United States:										
Construction		947.136		_		444,633		_		1,391,769
Operation		3,988,391		_		2,831,797		_		6,820,188
Total United States		4,935,527		-		3,276,430		_		8,211,957
	\$	22,139,332	\$	_	\$	14,482	\$	_	\$	22,153,814

¹ The Bank adopted ASU 2016-13 as of January 1, 2023, which decreased the loan allowance by \$1,519,413 due to adjustments for unamortized loan fees, foreign exchange adjustments and hedged items at fair value.

 $^{^2}$ The recorded provision for credit losses includes \$1,511,847 for undisbursed loan commitments. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, provision for credit losses totaled \$(3,066,844) and \$(1,140,649), respectively, and are reflected in the consolidated statements of income.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

5. Other Assets and Other Liabilities

The following table presents the gross and net balances of other assets and other liabilities, including the result of master netting arrangements for derivatives with certain swap counterparties, at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

		Gross Amount		Master Netting Arrangements		Net Amount
September 30, 2023						
Other Assets		40/450440		(40.007.554)		07.054.000
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	\$	106,159,443	\$	(18,207,554)	\$	87,951,889
Interest rate swaps		30,650,299		(6,935,247)		23,715,052
Options		19,279,237		-		19,279,237
Collateral to counterparty		16,100,660		-		16,100,660
Collateral from counterparty		(9,149,975)		-		(9,149,975)
Credit valuation adjustment for swaps		(1,878,525)		-		(1,878,525)
Right-of-use lease asset		569,365		_		569,365
Total other assets	\$	161,730,504	\$	(25,142,801)	\$	136,587,703
Other Liabilities Cross-currency interest rate swaps	\$	49,766,722	\$	_	\$	49,766,722
Allowance for credit losses – undisbursed	•	,,.	Ť		•	,,
loan commitments		3,214,294		-		3,214,294
Total other liabilities	\$	52,981,016	\$	-	\$	52,981,016
December 31, 2022						
Other Assets						
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	\$	116,994,965	\$	(26,014,966)	\$	90,979,999
Interest rate swaps		22,901,624		(5,488,170)		17,413,454
Options		8,913,119		_		8,913,119
Collateral to counterparty		2,820,000		_		2,820,000
Collateral from counterparty		(18,200,000)		_		(18,200,000)
Credit valuation adjustment for swaps		(1,749,740)		_		(1,749,740)
Right-of-use lease asset		737,471		_		737,471
Total other assets	\$	132,417,439	\$	(31,503,136)	\$	100,914,303
Other Liabilities						
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	\$	22,728,838	\$	_	\$	22,728,838
Interest rate swaps	ψ	917,535	φ		φ	917,535
Total other liabilities		23,646,373				23,646,373
Total office habilities		2010101010		-		2010701010

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

6. Debt

The following tables summarize the notes payable and other borrowings as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

			September 30, 2023					
				Unamortized				
Issue	Maturity	Rate	Principal	Premium/	Debt Issuance	FX Translation	Fair Value of	
Date	Date	(%)	Amount	(Discount)	Costs	Adjustment	Hedged Items	Net Debt
Notes Pay								
USD Issi		0.00	# F0.000.000	•	4 (404.000)	•	φ ((00E 04 3)	* 40.040.700
12/17/12	12/17/30	3.30	\$ 50,000,000	\$ -	\$ (124,023)	\$ -	\$ (6,935,247)	\$ 42,940,730
CHF Issu	<u>uance</u>							
04/30/15	04/30/25	0.25	128,706,754	133,847	(131,522)	-	3,448,064	132,157,143
04/26/17	10/26/27	0.20	124,443,117	171,606	(291,369)	-	161,824	124,485,178
07/24/18	07/24/26	0.30	126,415,858	56,738	(286,831)	-	3,724,382	129,910,147
05/28/20	11/28/28	0.20	186,316,116	13,135	(650,999)	10,340,717	-	196,018,969
05/28/20	05/27/33	0.55	165,614,326	531,290	(787,558)	9,191,749	-	174,549,807
NOK Iss	<u>uance</u>							
03/10/17	03/10/31	2.47	86,724,283	-	(156,818)	-	(32,830,619)	53,736,846
03/10/17	03/10/32	2.47	86,724,283	-	(166,024)		(34,257,533)	52,300,726
Total notes	s payable		954,944,737	906,616	(2,595,144)	19,532,466	(66,689,129)	906,099,546
Other Bor	rowings							
<u>U</u>	<u>SD</u>							
03/17/17	12/30/23	1.90	2,632,000	-	-	-	_	2,632,000
03/17/17	06/30/24	1.90	2,632,000	-	_	_	_	2,632,000
03/17/17	12/30/24	1.90	2,170,720	-	-	-	_	2,170,720
11/13/17	12/30/24	1.90	461,280	-	-	-	_	461,280
<u>N</u>	<u>//XN</u>							
12/14/22	12/01/27	TIIE var.	100,000,606		(23,101)	13,558,830	-	113,536,335
Total other	borrowings		107,896,606	-	(23,101)	13,558,830		121,432,335
			\$ 1,062,841,343	\$ 906,616	\$ (2,618,245)	\$ 33,091,296	\$ (66,689,129)	\$ 1,027,531,881

CHF = Swiss franc; MXN = Mexican peso; NOK= Norwegian krone; USD = U.S. dollar.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

6. Debt (continued)

			December 31, 2022							
Issue Date	Maturity Date	Rate (%)	Principal Amount	Unamortized Premium/ (Discount)	Unamortized Debt Issuance Costs	FX Translation Adjustment	Fair Value of Hedged Items	Net Debt		
N. I. D.										
Notes Pay										
<u>USD Issu</u> 12/17/12	<u>uance</u> 12/17/30	3.30	\$ 50,000,000	\$ -	¢ (124.047)	¢	¢ (E 240 E24)	¢ 44402 E07		
12/17/12	12/17/30	3.30	\$ 50,000,000	\$ -	\$ (136,867)	\$ -	\$ (5,260,536)	\$ 44,602,597		
CHF Issu	<u>uance</u>									
04/30/15	04/30/25	0.25	128,706,754	195,292	(193,824)	-	463,081	129,171,303		
04/26/17	10/26/27	0.20	124,443,117	201,081	(344,831)	-	(4,131,808)	120,167,559		
07/24/18	07/24/26	0.30	126,415,858	71,078	(362,925)	-	505,757	126,629,768		
05/28/20	11/28/28	0.20	186,316,116	14,887	(745,254)	8,390,040	-	193,975,789		
05/28/20	05/27/33	0.55	165,614,326	566,715	(848,485)	7,457,813	-	172,790,369		
NOK Issu										
03/10/17	03/10/31	2.47	86,724,283	_	(172,558)	_	(23,902,415)	62,649,310		
03/10/17	03/10/32	2.47	86,724,283	_	(180,716)	_	(25,050,807)	61,492,760		
Total notes	s payable		954,944,737	1,049,053	(2,985,460)	15,847,853	(57,376,728)	911,479,455		
Other Bor	rowings									
	SD									
03/17/17	06/30/23	1.90	2,632,000	_	_	_	_	2,632,000		
03/17/17	12/30/23	1.90	2,632,000	_	_	_	_	2,632,000		
03/17/17	06/30/24	1.90	2,632,000	_	_	_	_	2,632,000		
03/17/17	12/30/24	1.90	2,170,720	_	_	_	_	2,170,720		
11/13/17	12/30/24	1.90	461,280	_	_	_	_	461,280		
	MXN		.5.,200					.5.,200		
12/14/22	12/01/27	TIIE var	100,000,606	-	(27,242)	1,462,067	_	101,435,431		
Total other	borrowings		110,528,606	_	(27,242)	1,462,067	_	111,963,431		
	3		\$ 1,065,473,343	\$ 1,049,053	\$ (3,012,702)	\$ 17,309,920	\$ (57,376,728)	\$ 1,023,442,886		

CHF = Swiss franc; MXN = Mexican peso; NOK= Norwegian krone; USD = U.S. dollar.

Notes Payable

The notes payable are unsecured, rank equally with all other unsecured indebtedness, and cannot be redeemed prior to their maturity, at which time they will be redeemed at 100% of their principal amount. Interest payments are due semiannually or annually.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

6. Debt (continued)

The fair value of the hedges relating to interest rate swaps on notes payable denominated in U.S. dollars was reported at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 as other assets of \$(6,935,247) and \$(4,343,000), respectively, and as other liabilities of \$0 and \$917,535, respectively. The fair value of the hedges relating to cross-currency interest rate swaps on notes payable not denominated in U.S. dollars was reported at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 as other assets of \$15,396,665 and \$(11,202,057), respectively, and as other liabilities of \$45,988,872 and \$22,728,837, respectively. The fair value of hedges relating to options on notes payable not denominated in U.S. dollars was reported at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 as other assets of \$19,279,237 and \$8,913,119, respectively. Additional information on the fair value of financial instruments and derivatives is provided in Notes 10 and 11.

Other Borrowings

On November 8, 2012, the Bank signed a loan commitment with another financial institution to borrow up to \$50 million to fund eligible projects in Mexico. This loan amortizes semiannually, with the first principal payment paid on December 30, 2015 and final principal payment due on December 30, 2024. At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the outstanding balance was \$7,896,000 and \$10,528,000, respectively.

On December 14, 2022, the Bank entered into a collateralized borrowing with another financial institution in the form of a repurchase agreement to borrow MXN \$1,978 million (\$100 million USD) with a maturity date of December 1, 2027. The loan carries a variable interest rate referenced to Mexico's Benchmark Interbank Deposit Rate (TIIE). This borrowing is collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes. The collateral is reflected on the consolidated balance sheet as available-for-sale investment securities.

The following table summarizes the maturities of the notes payable and other borrowings as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	Se	ptember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Less than 1 year	\$	5,264,000	\$ 5,264,000
1–2 years		131,338,754	5,264,000
2–3 years		126,415,858	128,706,754
3–4 years		-	126,415,858
4–5 years		224,443,723	224,443,723
5–10 years		575,379,008	409,764,682
More than 10 years		-	165,614,326
Total	\$	1,062,841,343	\$ 1,065,473,343

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

6. Debt (continued)

The following table summarizes short-term and long-term debt as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	Se	eptember 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Short-term debt: Other borrowings	\$	5,264,000	\$ 5,264,000
Total short-term debt		5,264,000	5,264,000
Long-term debt:			
Notes payable		954,944,737	954,944,737
Other borrowings		102,632,606	105,264,606
Total long-term debt		1,057,577,343	1,060,209,343
Total debt	\$	1,062,841,343	\$ 1,065,473,343

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

7. Equity

Subscribed Capital

At September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the shareholders of the Bank had subscribed 600,000 shares of capital stock, with a par value of \$10,000 per share. Subscribed capital is divided into paid-in and callable capital. Callable capital are shares that the Bank can request that its shareholders pay under Chapter II, Article II, Section 3(d) of the Bank's Charter. As defined in the Charter, subscribed shares can be unqualified or qualified. Qualified shares are subject to the respective domestic legal requirements of each subscribing country. Unqualified shares have completed the domestic legal requirements. The Bank's capital at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is shown in the following tables.

	Me	exico		United States		tes	Total		
	Shares	US	D Million	Shares	US	SD Million	Shares	US	SD Million
September 30, 2023									
Subscribed capital	300,000	\$	3,000.0	300,000	\$	3,000.0	600,000	\$	6,000.0
Qualified callable capital Unqualified callable capital Qualified paid-in capital	(104,267) (150,733) (18,400)		(1,042.7) (1,507.3) (184.0)	(102,000) (153,000) –		(1,020.0) (1,530.0) –	(206,267) (303,733) (18,400)		(2,062.7) (3,037.3) (184.0)
Total funded paid-in capital Restricted from commitments Transferred to Domestic	26,600		266.0	45,000 (16,500)		450.0 (165.0)	71,600 (16,500)		716.0 (165.0)
Programs	_		(22.5)	_		(22.5)	_		(45.0)
Total paid-in capital	26,600	\$	243.5	28,500	\$	262.5	55,100	\$	506.0
December 31, 2022									
Subscribed capital	300,000	\$	3,000.0	300,000	\$	3,000.0	600,000	\$	6,000.0
Qualified callable capital Unqualified callable capital Qualified paid-in capital	(109,934) (145,066) (19,400)		(1,099.3) (1,450.7) (194.0)	(102,000) (153,000) –		(1,020.0) (1,530.0) –	(211,934) (298,066) (19,400)		(2,119.3) (2,980.7) (194.0)
Total funded paid-in capital Restricted from commitments	25,600 -		256.0 -	45,000 (16,500)		450.0 (165.0)	70,600 (16,500)		706.0 (165.0)
Transferred to Domestic Programs			(22.5)			(22.5)			(45.0)
Total paid-in capital	25,600	\$	233.5	28,500	\$	262.5	54,100	\$	496.0

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

7. Equity (continued)

In 1994, Mexico and the United States subscribed to the Bank's capital of 300,000 shares (\$3 billion) with equal commitments from each country. All shares from the original subscription have been unqualified. In 2015, the member countries agreed to a General Capital Increase (GCI) of 300,000 shares (\$3 billion), also with equal commitments from each government, bringing the Bank's subscribed capital to \$6 billion. Mexico submitted its letter of subscription on May 6, 2016, and the United States did so on September 1, 2016.

As of September 30, 2023, Mexico has unqualified 4,100 shares of paid-in capital and 23,233 shares of callable capital from its GCI subscription. As of December 31, 2022, Mexico has unqualified 3,100 shares of paid-in capital and 17,566 shares of callable capital from its GCI subscription.

As of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the United States has unqualified 22,500 shares of paid-in capital from its GCI subscription. Of these shares, 16,500 shares were restricted from commitment, until Mexico unqualifies corresponding payments. As such, the restricted shares are recorded as a deferred U.S. capital contribution. As of the same dates, the United States has also unqualified 25,500 shares of callable capital from its GCI subscription.

In accordance with Board Resolution BR 2020-7, the shareholders have until December 31, 2028, or such later dates as the Board of Directors shall determine, to unqualify the remaining shares of their subscriptions.

Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are classified as designated, reserved, or undesignated by program, as shown in the following table.

	September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022			
Designated retained earnings Community Assistance Program (CAP)	\$		\$	177,224			
Total designated retained earnings		-		177,224			
Reserved retained earnings Debt Service Reserve		56,533,579		56.533.579			
Operating Expenses Reserve		26,499,286		26,499,286			
Special Reserve		30,000,000		30,000,000			
Capital Preservation Reserve		155,520,901		153,556,195			
Total reserved retained earnings		268,553,766		266,589,060			
Undesignated retained earnings							
Operations		35,619,828		21,981,459			
Mark-to-market hedge valuations		480,439		(2,128,043)			
Total undesignated retained earnings		36,100,267		19,853,416			
Total retained earnings	\$	304,654,033	\$	286,619,700			

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

7. Equity (continued)

Additional information regarding the reserve funds and each program listed above is provided in Notes 2 and 8, respectively.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table presents the changes in accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022.

	Beginning Balance	Period Activity		Ending Balance
September 30, 2023				
Net unrealized gain (loss) on available-for-sale investment				
securities	\$ (45,605,707)	\$	4,488,342	\$ (41,117,365)
Post-retirement benefit liability adjustment	285,079		-	285,079
Foreign currency translation adjustment	287,365		32,625	319,990
Unrealized gain (loss) on hedging activities:				
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(24,082,548)		4,515,471	(19,567,077)
Fair value of cross-currency interest rate swaps and				
options, net	 35,303,646		10,894,416	46,198,062
Net unrealized gain on hedging activities	 11,221,098		15,409,887	26,630,985
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (33,812,165)	\$	19,930,854	\$ (13,881,311)
December 31, 2022				
Net unrealized loss on available-for-sale investment				
securities	\$ (6,619,087)	\$	(38,986,620)	\$ (45,605,707)
Post-retirement benefit liability adjustment	(142,488)		427,567	285,079
Foreign currency translation adjustment	391,273		(103,908)	287,365
Unrealized gain (loss) on hedging activities:			, ,	
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(32,333,581)		8,251,033	(24,082,548)
Fair value of cross-currency interest rate swaps and	, , ,			,
options, net	43,450,840		(8,147,194)	35,303,646
Net unrealized gain on hedging activities	 11,117,259		103,839	11,221,098
Total accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 4,746,957	\$	(38,559,122)	\$ (33,812,165)

Hedging Activities in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)

The following table summarizes the net unrealized gain (loss) on derivatives designated as cash flow hedges and their related hedged items included in other comprehensive income (loss) for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022.

	 Months Ended ember 30, 2023	Year Ended December 31, 2022		
Cross-currency swaps and hedged items for loans, net Cross-currency swaps, options and hedged items for debt, net	\$ (643,040) 16,052,927	\$	(3,865,185) 3,969,024	
Total	\$ 15,409,887	\$	103,839	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

7. Equity (continued)

For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022, no amounts were reclassified from other comprehensive income and recorded as a component of net swap settlements in the consolidated statements of income.

8. Grant Programs

Beginning January 1, 2023, all grant activities of the Bank are reported in the EICF accounts. Prior to that date, grant program activities were reported in the consolidated financial statements.

Grant activity may be financed by the Bank with its own funds or by third parties. In some cases, the Bank receives third-party pass-through grants, meaning that the funds are not drawn until needed for disbursement. In other cases, the third-party grantors entrust the funds to the Bank, which are held in custody for the programs.

Community Assistance Program (CAP)

In February 2011, the Board of Directors approved a grant program to support public projects in all sectors eligible for Bank financing. Subject to annual limits, the CAP program is funded from the Bank's undesignated retained earnings as authorized by the Board. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, no disbursements from the Bank were made under this program.

Technical Assistance Program (TAP)

The Bank designated a portion of its retained earnings as authorized by the Board of Directors to offer technical assistance and training to project sponsors for the purpose of strengthening their financial performance and ensuring the long-term sustainability of their infrastructure, subject to annual limits. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, no disbursements from the Bank were made under this program.

As part of its technical assistance program, the Utility Management Institute (UMI) provides water utility managers and their staff with an opportunity for ongoing professional development aimed at enhancing their managerial and financial skills. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, no disbursements from the Bank were made under this program.

Since 2021, the Bank has received grant funding from the U.S. Department of State (DOS) designated for CAP and TAP. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Bank disbursed DOS funds of \$667,074 under CAP and \$142,010 under TAP. The disbursement of DOS funds is reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows. As of December 31, 2022, remaining DOS funds of \$1,021,205 were transferred to the EICF.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

8. Grant Programs (continued)

COVID-19 Recovery Program (ProRec)

On May 21, 2020, the Board of Directors approved the ProRec program including an allocation of \$3 million for technical assistance grants (see Note 4). For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Bank disbursed \$30,000 under this program, which is reflected in the consolidated statement of income. The program ended as of December 31, 2022.

Border Environment Infrastructure Fund (BEIF)

Through this program, the Bank administers grant funds from EPA to support the implementation of priority water and wastewater infrastructure projects. Under the terms of the grants, the Bank reviews and submits prospective projects to EPA. EPA approves the projects, which are subsequently certified for financing by the Board of Directors. EPA then disburses funds to the Bank, which directs the grant monies to the specified project. The Bank also oversees progress and compliance requirements for EPA and receives an allocation of the EPA grant funds for administrative expenses incurred.

Beginning January 1, 2023, disbursements are recognized in EICF. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Bank disbursed \$6,137,345 in grants for project implementation. Since the Bank administers these funds, the grant disbursements are reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The Bank recognized \$886,454 and \$742,580 as reimbursement of expenses incurred in the administration of these funds for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, which are reflected in consolidated statements of income.

Project Development Assistance Program (PDAP)

Through this program, the Bank administers grant funding from EPA to provide technical assistance to communities for the development of water and wastewater projects that have been prioritized by EPA to receive a BEIF grant. Beginning January 1, 2023, disbursements are recognized in EICF. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Bank disbursed \$904,663 for technical assistance, which are reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

The Bank recognized \$647,043 and \$653,260 as reimbursement of expenses incurred in the administration of these funds for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively, which are reflected in the consolidated statements of income.

U.S.-Mexico Environmental Border 2025 Program

The Bank administers grant funding from EPA to support the joint efforts of the two governments to improve the environment and protect the health of residents within 100 kilometers of the U.S.-Mexico border. The Bank provides logistical and administrative services to identify, contract and manage technical assistance projects and workshops funded through the program. Beginning January 1, 2023, disbursements are recognized in EICF. For the nine months ended September 30, 2022, the Bank disbursed \$348,979, to support these projects, which are reflected in the consolidated statements of cash flows.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

8. Grant Programs (continued)

The Bank recognized \$222,130 and \$194,091 as reimbursement of expenses incurred in the administration of these funds for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, which are reflected in the consolidated statements of income.

9. Employee Benefits

401(a) Retirement Plan

The Bank has a 401(a) Retirement Plan for its employees. This plan provides for employee and nondiscretionary employer contributions. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, the Bank expended \$1,019,587 and \$956,853, respectively, relating to the plan.

Post-retirement Health Insurance Plan

The Bank has a post-retirement health insurance plan for qualifying employees based on number of years of service and age. Qualified retirees may purchase group health insurance coverage at the current employee rate subject to the plan limits. The plan is funded by the Bank as benefits are paid. The Bank paid benefits of \$44,250 and \$34,151 for the nine months ended September 30, 2023, and 2022, respectively. As of September 30, 2023, the unfunded portion of the plan totaled \$3,464,908 and is reflected in the consolidated balance sheet as a component of accrued liability and long-term liability of \$96,250 and \$3,368,658, respectively. As of December 31, 2022, the unfunded portion of the plan totaled \$3,215,908 and is reflected in the consolidated balance sheet as a component of accrued liability and long-term liability of \$79,000 and \$3,136,908, respectively.

The following table presents the change in benefit obligations as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022

	Septe	ember 30, 2023	Dece	mber 31, 2022
Beginning balance	\$	3,215,908	\$	3,296,707
Service expense		189,750		303,000
Interest expense		103,500		89,000
Net benefits paid		(44,250)		(45,232)
Actuarial loss (gain)				(427,567)
Ending balance	\$	3,464,908	\$	3,215,908

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

9. Employee Benefits (continued)

The change in post-retirement health plan assets as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 is presented in the following table.

	Septem	ber 30, 2023	December 31, 2022			
Beginning balance	\$	_	\$	_		
Employer contributions		44,250		45,232		
Net benefits paid		(44,250)		(45,232)		
Ending balance	\$	_	\$	_		

The following table presents post-retirement health plan liabilities as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

	Septe	mber 30, 2023	Decer	nber 31, 2022
Current liabilities	\$	96,250	\$	79,000
Non-current liabilities		3,368,658		3,136,908
Total	\$	3,464,908	\$	3,215,908

The net periodic benefit cost of the post-retirement health plan for nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022 is presented in the following table.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,								
		2023	2022						
Service expense	\$	189,750	\$	151,500					
Interest expense		103,500		44,500					
Total	\$	293,250	\$	196,000					

Service expenses are reflected in the consolidated statements of income as a component of personnel under operating expenses. Interest expense in relation to post-retirement benefit obligations is reported as a non-operating expense in the consolidated statements of income.

The assumptions used to determine the benefit obligations and net periodic postretirement benefit costs of the plan as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are presented below.

	September 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Discount rate	4.36%	4.36%
Current healthcare trend rate	6.30%	6.30%
Ultimate healthcare trend rate	5.00%	5.00%
Year in which ultimate trend is reached	2028	2028

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

9. Employee Benefits (continued)

The following schedule summarizes the estimated cash obligations that are expected to be paid for post-retirement health benefits.

October 1 – December 31, 2023	\$ 19,750
Year ending December 31:	
2024	102,000
2025	137,000
2026	177,000
2027	220,000
2028-2032	1,531,000

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Information on how the Bank measures fair value and classifies the levels of fair value inputs is provided in Note 2.

Available-for-sale Securities

Securities classified as available-for-sale are reported at fair value using Level 1 observable inputs. For these securities, the Bank obtains fair value measurements from an independent pricing service, which are based on prices quoted for the exact or like-kind instrument.

Hedged Items for Loans

Hedged items for loans are reported at fair value using Level 3 unobservable inputs. The fair value of these hedged items is estimated by discounting each cash flow stream using the benchmark swap curve of the contractual currency and converting the resulting net present value at the spot exchange rate, as well as using external pricing models and counterparty pricing. Cash flows in Mexican pesos are discounted using the Mexico TIIE 28-day swap curve. Cash flows in U.S. dollars are discounted using the USD Overnight Index Swap (OIS) curve.

Cross-currency Interest Rate Swaps

Cross-currency interest rate swaps are reported at fair value using Level 2 observable inputs. The fair value of these swaps is estimated based on discounting procedures, whereby each cash flow stream is discounted using the benchmark swap curve of the respective currency and converting the resulting net present value at the spot exchange rate, as well as other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities. The Bank's cross-currency interest rate swaps are all Mexican-peso for U.S.-dollar operations except for six (6) debt issuances in foreign currencies for U.S.-dollar operations. Cash flows in Mexican pesos are discounted using the TIIE 28-day swap curve. Cash flows in Swiss francs (CHF) are discounted using the CHF swap curve. Cash flows in Norwegian kroner (NOK) are discounted using the NOK swap curve. Cash flows in U.S. dollars are discounted using the USD OIS curve.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

Interest Rate Swaps

Interest rate swaps are reported at fair value using Level 2 observable inputs. The fair value of these swaps is estimated based on discounting procedures, whereby each cash flow stream is discounted using the USD OIS curve, as well as other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Options

Options are reported at fair value using Level 2 observable inputs. The Bank uses options to hedge its foreign exchange exposure related to debt issuance.

Hedged Items for Notes Payable

Hedged items for notes payable are reported at fair value using Level 3 unobservable inputs. The fair value of the hedged items is estimated based on discounting procedures, whereby each cash flow stream is discounted using the USD OIS curve for USD issuances, the CHF swap curve for Swiss franc issuances and the NOK swap curve for the Norwegian krone issuance, as well as on external pricing models and counterparty pricing.

Long-term Post-retirement Benefits Payable

Long-term post-retirement benefits payable are reported at fair value. The fair value of these liabilities is estimated based on a third-party actuarial study.

The following table summarizes the carrying amounts and fair value of the Bank's financial instruments.

	 September 30, 2023			December 31, 2022			
	Carrying		Estimated	Carrying		Estimated	
	Amount		Fair Value	Amount		Fair Value	
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,390,808	\$	97,390,808	\$ 164,745,186	\$	164,745,186	
Held-to-maturity securities	4,277,539		4,272,388	4,180,726		4,110,230	
Available-for-sale securities	908,305,429		908,305,429	949,981,433		949,981,433	
Loans, net	897,297,069		916,039,869	752,298,091		757,489,681	
Interest receivable	25,674,984		25,674,984	18,285,105		18,285,105	
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	87,951,889		87,951,889	90,979,999		90,979,999	
Interest rate swaps	23,715,052		23,715,052	17,413,454		17,413,454	
Options	19,279,237		19,279,237	8,913,119		8,913,119	
Liabilities							
Accrued interest payable	17,854,788		17,854,788	13,658,432		13,658,432	
Short-term debt, net	5,264,000		5,264,000	5,264,000		5,264,000	
Long-term debt, net	1,055,865,714		1,055,622,012	1,058,245,694		1,057,392,602	
Long-term post-retirement benefits							
payable	3,368,658		3,368,658	3,136,908		3,136,908	
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	49,766,722		49,766,722	22,728,838		22,728,838	
Interest rate swaps	-		-	917,535		917,535	

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The Bank's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are summarized in the following table by the valuation level of the inputs used to measure fair value. Additional information on how the Bank measures and classifies the levels of fair-value inputs is provided in Note 2.

	Fair V				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	To	tal Fair Value
September 30, 2023					
Assets					
Available-for-sale (AFS) securities:					
U.S. government securities	\$ 435,482,775	\$ -	\$ -	\$	435,482,775
U.S. agency securities	94,840,879	_	-		94,840,879
Corporate debt securities	126,147,870	_	-		126,147,870
Other fixed-income securities	66,468,687	_	-		66,468,687
Mexican government securities (UMS)	43,380,201	_	-		43,380,201
Securities pledged under collateralized					
borrowings	137,487,831	_	-		137,487,831
Mortgage-backed securities	 4,497,186	_	_		4,497,186
Total AFS securities	908,305,429	_	-		908,305,429
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	-	87,951,889	-		87,951,889
Interest rate swaps	-	23,715,052	-		23,715,052
Options	-	19,279,237	-		19,279,237
Hedged items for loans	 _	_	(87,162,641)		(87,162,641)
Total assets at fair value	\$ 908,305,429	\$ 130,946,178	\$ (87,162,641)	\$	952,088,966
Liabilities					
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	\$ -	\$ 49,766,722	\$	\$	49,766,722
Hedged items for notes payable	 _		(66,689,129)		(66,689,129)
Total liabilities at fair value	\$ _	\$ 49,766,722	\$ (66,689,129)	\$	(16,922,407)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

	Fair Value Measurements Using							
	Level 1			Level 2	Level 3 T		Total Fair Value	
December 31, 2022								
Assets								
Available-for-sale (AFS) securities:								
U.S. government securities	\$	415,965,681	\$	_	\$	_	\$	415,965,681
U.S. agency securities		153,933,412		_		_		153,933,412
Corporate debt securities		129,161,759		_		_		129,161,759
Other fixed-income securities		75,169,550		_		_		75,169,550
Mexican government securities (UMS)		29,337,642		_		_		29,337,642
Securities pledged under collateralized								
borrowings		141,226,172		_		_		141,226,172
Mortgage-backed securities		5,187,217		_		_		5,187,217
Total AFS securities		949,981,433		_		_		949,981,433
Cross-currency interest rate swaps		-		90,979,999		_		90,979,999
Interest rate swaps		-		17,413,454		_		17,413,454
Options		-		8,913,119		_		8,913,119
Hedged items for loans		-		_		(106,748,200)		(106,748,200)
Total assets at fair value	\$	949,981,433	\$	117,306,572	\$	(106,748,200)	\$	960,539,805
Liabilities								
Cross-currency interest rate swaps	\$	_	\$	22,728,838	\$	_	\$	22,728,838
Interest rate swaps		_		917,535		_		917,535
Hedged items for notes payable		_		_		(57,376,728)		(57,376,728)
Total liabilities at fair value	\$		\$	23,646,373	\$	(57,376,728)	\$	(33,730,355)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

10. Fair Value of Financial Instruments (continued)

The following table summarizes the changes to hedged items included in financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using unobservable inputs (Level 3) for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and year ended December 31, 2022. Additional information on how the Bank measures fair value is provided in Note 2.

Fair Value of Level 3 Instruments	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2023		Year Ended December 31,2022			
Assets						
Beginning balance	\$	(106,748,200)	\$	(93,844,578)		
Total realized and unrealized gains (losses):		10 505 550		(22 / 15 0 / 1)		
Included in earnings (expenses) Included in other comprehensive income (loss)		19,585,559 _		(22,615,941)		
Purchases		_		_		
Settlements		-		9,712,319		
Transfers in/out of Level 3		-				
Ending balance	\$	(87,162,641)	\$	(106,748,200)		
Liabilities						
Beginning balance	\$	(57,376,728)	\$	17,990,828		
Total realized and unrealized (gains) losses:	•	(07/07/07/20)	Ψ	17,770,020		
Included in (earnings) expenses		(9,312,401)		(75,367,556)		
Included in other comprehensive income (loss)		-		-		
Purchases		-		_		
Settlements		-		_		
Transfers in/out of Level 3		- (// /00 455)				
Ending balance	\$	(66,689,129)	\$	(57,376,728)		

The Bank has no nonfinancial assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring or non-recurring basis as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

11. Derivative Financial Instruments

The Bank utilizes cross-currency interest rate swaps to mitigate exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates and interest rate swaps to mitigate exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. The fair value of the swaps outstanding as of each reporting period end is included in other assets or other liabilities, depending on whether the Bank is in a favorable or unfavorable position as of the reporting period date.

The Bank enters into cross-currency interest rate swaps that are matched to the terms of the loans denominated in Mexican pesos that the Bank has entered into directly or through COFIDAN. In the latter case, the swaps are entered into on the exact same terms COFIDAN signs with its borrowers. The Bank has also entered into cross-currency interest rate swaps for its long-term notes payable issued in Swiss francs and Norwegian kroner.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

11. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

These swaps have been designated as hedging instruments because they hedge the risk of fluctuations in cash flows due to changes in foreign currency exchange rates. The swaps are structured so that the notional amounts mature to match the expected maturity of the related loans and notes payable.

The Bank enters into interest rate swaps for some loans and certain of its long-term notes payable. The swaps are structured so that the notional amounts match the expected maturity of the related loans and notes payable. The swaps have been designated as hedging instruments because they hedge the risk of changes in the fair value of fixed-rate loans and notes payable due to changes in the designated benchmark interest rate.

Like the rest of the industry, the Bank has been transitioning to the Secured Overnight Financing Rate (SOFR) rate as its benchmark interest rate instead of the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Beginning January 1, 2023, the Bank implemented ASU 2020-4, Reference Rate Reform (Topic 848): Facilitation of the Effects of Reference Rate Reform. Prior to that date, the Bank elected to apply the contract amendments prospectively.

The Bank uses options to hedge a portion of its long-term notes payable. The options have been designated as hedging instruments and are structured to match the expected maturity of the notes payable.

The Bank may be required to post or receive collateral based on the outstanding fair value of its derivatives and other collateralized borrowings. Cash collateral and receivables totaling \$9,149,975 and \$18,200,000 were posted from counterparties to the Bank as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. As of those same dates, \$16,100,660 and \$2,820,000 collateral were posted by the Bank.

The notional amounts and estimated fair values of the swaps outstanding at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 are presented in the following table. The fair value of these swaps is estimated using internal valuation models with observable market data inputs.

	September 30, 2023				December 31, 2022			
	Notional		Estimated Fair		Notional		Estimated Fair	
	 Amount		Value		Amount		Value	
Cross-currency interest rate swaps Interest rate swaps Options	\$ 1,031,479,278 307,382,087 175,965,221	\$	38,185,167 23,715,052 19,279,237	\$	1,055,763,596 231,832,891 175,965,221	\$	68,251,161 16,495,919 8,913,119	

Swaps that are no longer deemed effective because of borrower default on the hedged loans are not included in the preceding table. There were no swaps that were considered ineffective due to borrower default as of September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

11. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

Gains and Losses on Derivative Cash Flows

<u>Cross-currency interest rate Swaps and Options</u> – The effective portion of the gain or loss due to changes in the fair value of cross-currency interest rate swaps and options designated as cash flow hedges is included in the accompanying consolidated statements of comprehensive income, while the ineffective portion is included in income (expense) from net hedging activities. The accumulated net unrealized gain (loss) related to the swaps and options included in accumulated other comprehensive income totaled \$26,630,985 and \$11,221,098 at September 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively.

Gains or losses due to changes in the fair value of cross-currency interest rate swaps designated as fair value hedges and ineffective swaps and options are reported in income (expense) from net hedging activities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, changes in the aforementioned swaps and options included in the accompanying consolidated statements of income were \$2,737,267 and \$746,927, respectively.

<u>Interest Rate Swaps</u> – The changes in the fair value of the interest rate swaps offset the changes in the fair value of the loans and debt due to changes in the USD OIS curve, while the ineffective portion is included in income (expense) from net hedging activities. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, changes in the aforementioned swaps included in the accompanying consolidated statements of income were \$0.

Income (Expense) from Hedging Activities

The following table summarizes the net income (expense) from hedging activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022.

	Nine Months Ended September 30,				
		2023		2022	
Fair value hedges with swaps and hedged items for loans Fair value hedges with swaps and hedged items for debt Cash flow hedges with options and hedged items for debt Credit valuation adjustment	\$	1,132,319 (311,748) 1,916,696 (128,785)	\$	(5,130,642) 2,339,619 3,537,950 1,032,676	
Income from hedging activities, net	\$	2,608,482	\$	1,779,603	

Net income from hedging activities is included as a component of non-operating income (expenses) in the accompanying consolidated statements of income.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)
September 30, 2023

12. Credit Risk Associated with Financial Instruments

The Bank is subject to certain credit risk. Financial instruments that potentially subject the Bank to significant concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash equivalents, investments, loans receivable, options and swaps. The Bank maintains cash equivalents, investments and certain other financial instruments with various major financial institutions. The Bank performs periodic evaluations of the relative credit standing of these financial institutions and limits the amount of credit exposure with any one institution. The Bank evaluates the creditworthiness of each customer on a case-by-case basis and continually monitors the financial stability of each borrower.

13. Commitments

In the normal course of business, the Bank has various outstanding commitments, in addition to the loans receivable disclosed in Note 4 and borrowings disclosed in Note 6. Under agreements with consultants and contractors in effect on September 30, 2023, the Bank has obligations to make payments contingent upon the future performance of the consultants and contractors under the terms of their respective contracts and, therefore, they are not recorded in the consolidated financial statements.

Operating Lease Commitments

The Bank rents office space for its headquarters in San Antonio, Texas under an operating lease that expires on February 28, 2026. As of September 30, 2023, the right-of-use lease asset totaled \$569,365 and is reflected in the consolidated balance sheets as a component of other assets. As of that same date, the operating lease obligation is reflected in the consolidated balance sheet in accrued liabilities and as a long-term lease payable of \$56,389 and \$512,977, respectively. For the nine months ended September 30, 2023 and 2022, operating lease expenses recognized on a straight-line basis totaled \$174,369 and \$172,284, respectively, and are included as a component of operating expenses in the consolidated statements of income.

As of September 30, 2023, the weighted average term of the lease remaining was 2.4 years and the weighted average discount rate used on the lease liability was 1.26%, which is considered a risk-free rate by the Bank in determining the present value of future lease payments as follows:

October 1 – December 31, 2023	\$ 58,123
Year Ending December 31,	
2024	239,436
2025	240,732
2026	40,122
Total operating lease	578,413
Discount	(9,048)
Operating lease liability	\$ 569,365

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited) September 30, 2023

14. Subsequent Event

On October 24, 2023, the Bank entered into a collateralized borrowing with another financial institution in the form of a repurchase agreement to borrow MXN \$1,190 million (\$65 million USD) with a maturity date of October 1, 2029. The loan carries a variable interest rate referenced to Mexico's TIIE. This borrowing is collateralized by U.S. Treasury Notes.